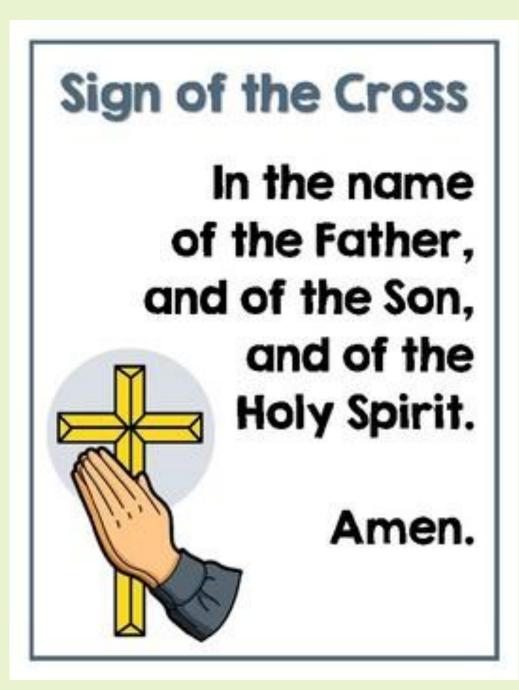


Parent workshop: Phonics and Reading in K.S.1

Friday 29th September





Our School Prayer

Dear God,

Bless all the children and staff in our school.

Bless all our loving parents, our school community and parishioners.

Let us follow the shining examples of St Alban and St Stephen.

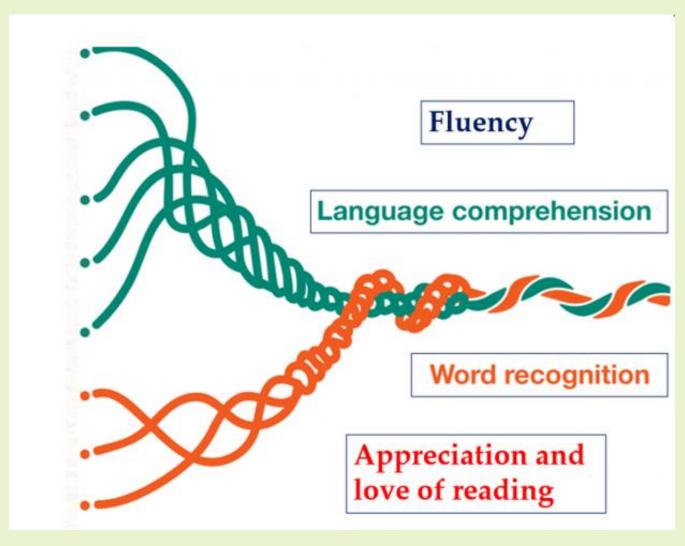
Help us to be the best that we can be and guide us as we stay connected to you and Jesus in all that we do.

As a school, we are learning and growing with God by our side. Amen.













A love of reading is the biggest indicator of future academic success.

OECD (The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development)



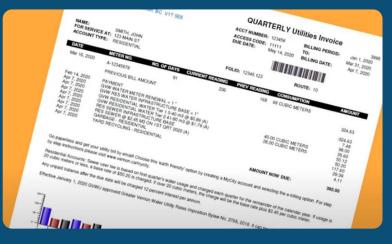
How many times have you already read today?













Phonics



Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised

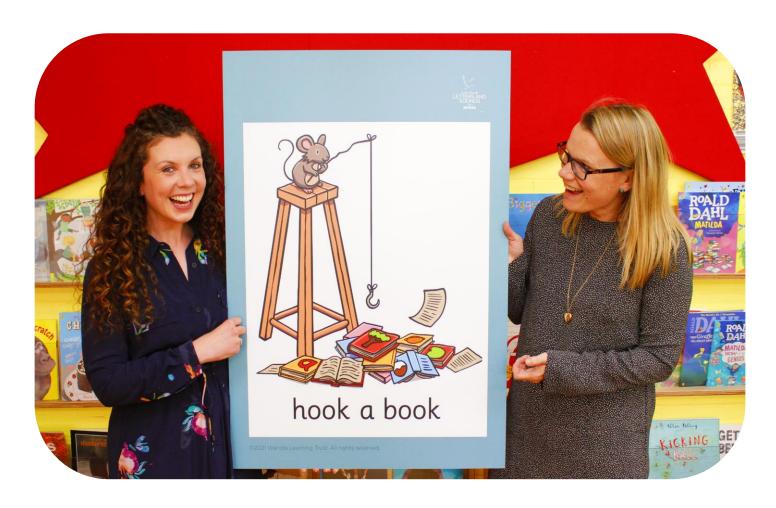
Our school has chosen

Little Wandle Letters and

Sounds Revised as our

systematic, synthetic phonics

(SSP) programme to teach
early reading and spelling.







Phonics is:

making connections between the sounds of our spoken words and the letters that are used to write them down.







Phoneme

Grapheme

Digraph

Trigraph

Blend

Segment

Adjacent consonant

Split digraph

The progression

Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised 2021: Programme progression Reception and Year 1 overviews

This programme overview shows the progression of GPCs and tricky words that we teach term-by-term. The progression has been organised so that children are taught from the simple to more complex GPCs, as well as taking into account the frequency of their occurrence in the most commonly encountered words. All the graphemes taught are practised in words, sentences, and later on, in fully decodable books. Children review and revise GPCs and words, daily, weekly and across terms and years, in order to move this knowledge into their long term memory.

Children need to learn to read as quickly as reasonably possible, so they can move from learning to read, to reading to learn, giving them access to the treasure house of reading. Our expectations of progression are aspirational yet achievable if schools maintain pace, practice and participation by all children. Children who are not keeping-up with their peers should be given additional practice immediately through keep-up sessions.

Reception

Autumn 1 Phase 2 graphemes	New tricky words			
s a t p i n m d g o c k ck e u r h b f l	is I the			

Autumn 2 Phase 2 graphemes	New tricky words
ff ll ss j v w x y z zz qu ch sh th ng nk words with —s /s/ added at the end (hats sits) words ending —s /z/ (his) and with —s /z/ added at the end (bags)	put* pull* full* as and has his her go no to into she push* he of we me be

*The tricky words 'put', 'pull', 'full' and 'push' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, they should not be treated as such.

Spring 1 Phase 3 graphemes	New tricky words
ai ee igh oa oo oo ar or ur ow oi ear air er • words with double letters • longer words	was you they my by all are sure pure

Spring 2 Phase 3 graphemes	No new tricky words	
Review Phase 3 Index longer words, including those with double letters words with —s /z/ in the middle words with —es /z/ at the end words with —s /s/ and /z/ at the end	Review all taught so far	

Summer 1 Phase 4	New tricky words
Short vowels with adjacent consonants CVCC CCVC CCVCC CCCVC longer words and compound words words ending in suffixes: -ing, -ed /t/, -ed /id/ /ed/, -est	said so have like some come love do were here little says there when what one out today



Year 1

Autumn 1	Review tricky words Phases 2–4
Review Phase 3 and 4 Phase 5 /ai/ ay play /ow/ ou cloud /oi/ oy toy /ea/ ea each	Phases 2—4: the put* pull* full* push* to into I no go of he she we me be was you they all are my by sure pure said have like so do some come love were there little one when out what says here today

^{*}The tricky words 'put', 'pull', 'full' and 'push' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, they should not be treated as such.

Autumn 2 Phase 5 graphemes	New tricky words	
/ur/ ir bird	their people oh your	
/igh/ ie pie	Mr Mrs Ms ask*	
/oo/ /yoo/ ue blue rescue	could would should our	
/yoo/ u unicorn	house mouse water want	
loal o go		
/igh/ i tiger		
/ai/ a paper		
leel e he		
/ai/ a-e shake		
/igh/ i-e time		
/oa/ o-e home		
lool lyool u-e rude cute		
leel e-e these		
lool lyool ew chew new		
/ee/ ie shield		
/or/ aw claw		

^{*}The tricky word 'ask' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, it should not be treated as such

Spring 1 Phase 5 graphemes	New tricky words
leel y funny lel ea head lwl wh wheel loal oe ou toe shoulder lighl y fly loal ow snow	any many again who whole where two school call different thought through friend work

Let's say the Phase 5 sounds



Grow the co	de grapheme	mat Phase	2 , 3	and 5
-------------	-------------	-----------	--------------	-------

0.0			9.45					_,	
S	B	I	h	9	4				I
S	t	р	n	m	d	g	С	r	h
SS	tt	pp	nn	mm	dd	99	k	rr	
С			kn	mb			ck	wr	
se			gn				cc		
ce							ch		
st									
SC									
8	Ŷ		Ĵ	*					
b	f	l	j	V	W	Х	y	Z	qu
bb	ff ph	ll	g	VV	wh			ZZ	
	ph	le	dge	ve				S	
		al	ge					se	
								ze	
4			O			E	P.	E CHEST	
ch	sh	th	ng	nk	а	е	i	0	u
tch	ch					ea	y	а	о-е
ture	ti								ou
	ssi								
	si								
	ci								

Grow the code grapheme mat Phase 2, 3 and 5

	0 0			1	yoo	A	
ai	ee	igh	oa	<i>©00</i>		00	ar
ay	ea	ie	0	ue	ue	u*	a*
а	е	i	0-е	u-e	u	oul	al*
а-е	е-е	i-e	ou	ew	u-e		
eigh	ie	y	oe	ou	ew		
aigh	y		ow	ui			
ey	ey						
ea							
To the same of the			黄茅菜	A SECOND	\$ 1 m	zh	
or	ur	ow	oi	ear	air		
aw	er	ou	oy	ere	are	su	
au	ir			eer	ere	si	
aur	or				ear		
oor							
al							
а							
oar							
ore							

^{*}depending on regional accent



How to say Phase 5 sounds

How to say the Phase 5 sounds

At Phase 5, children learn alternative graphemes for sounds introduced in Phases 2 and 3.

Sounds introduced in Phase 2

Grapheme and mnemonic	Pronunciation phrase	Phase 5 Graphemes
S	Show your teeth and let the s hiss out sssss ssssss	c se ce st sc
h	Open your lips a bit; put your tongue behind your teeth and make the nnnn sound nnnn	kn gn
m	Put your lips together and make the mmmmm sound mmmmmm	mb
6	Open your mouth into a little smile, make your tongue flat and move it up towards the top of your mouth to say ccc	ch
F	Show me your teeth to make a rrrr sound rrrrr	wr
<u>•</u>	Open your lips a little; put your teeth on your bottom lip and push the air out to make the sound fffff fffff	ph
<u> </u>	Open your mouth a little; put your tongue up to the top of your mouth, behind your teeth, and press IIII IIII	le al









In Phase 5 children learn:

- new graphemes for the sounds they already know
- that the same grapheme can have alternative pronunciations.

The 'Grow the code' lessons support children with reading and spelling these alternative spellings.



How we teach Phase 5



Reading words

Children will be able to:

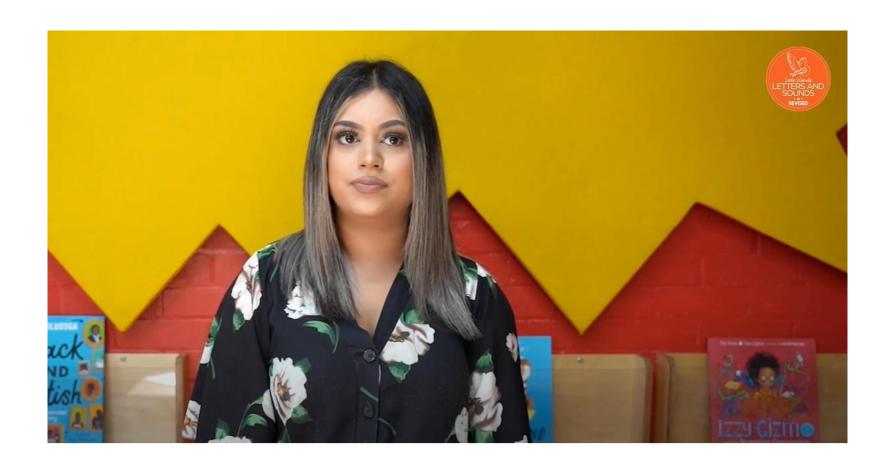
- blend independently
- blend in their heads with increasing fluency and confidence.

They will also begin to distinguish between different phonemes/graphemes.











Tricky words:

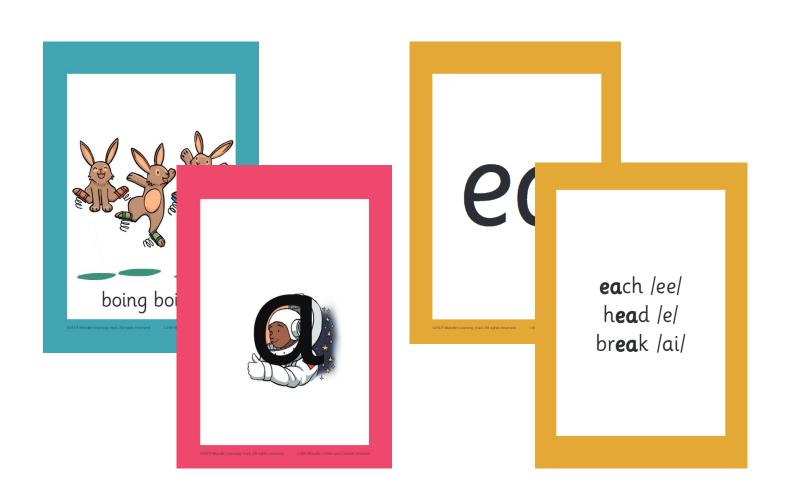
- have unusual spellings e.g. all, people
- are taught in a systematic way.

Children are now learning to read Phase 5 tricky words.











the



Reading and spelling



Spelling

 This term, your child will be taught how to spell words every day using the graphemes they have been taught so far.



 Handwriting is referred to but is taught at other times of the day.





Spelling

- Say the word.
- Segment the sounds.
- Count the sounds.
- Write them down.



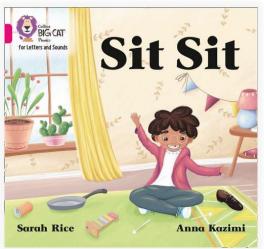


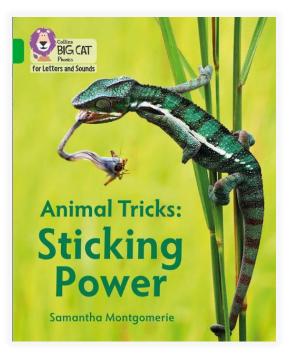


Reading practice sessions are:

- taught by a trained teacher/teaching assistant
- taught in small groups.







We use assessment to match your child the right level of book



Little	Wandle	Letters	and	Sounds	Revised	Reception
Child	assessm	ent				-

Autumn 1

m	а	р	С	0
S	g	k	u	h
i	t	n	r	f
d	ck	е	b	l

sat man hug red pe<u>ck</u>



Reading a book at the right level



This means that your child should:

- know all the sounds and tricky words in their phonics book well
- read many of the words by silent blending (in their head) – their reading will be automatic
- only need to stop and sound out about 5% of the words by the time they bring the book home – but they should be able to do this on their own.





Reading at home

The most important thing you can do is read with your child

Reading a book and chatting had a positive impact a year later on children's ability to...

- understand words and sentences
- use a wide range of vocabulary
- develop listening comprehension skills.

The amount of books children were exposed to by age 6 was a positive predictor of their reading ability two years later.





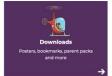






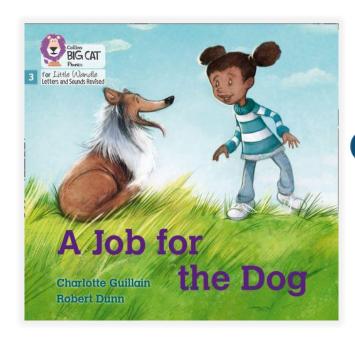




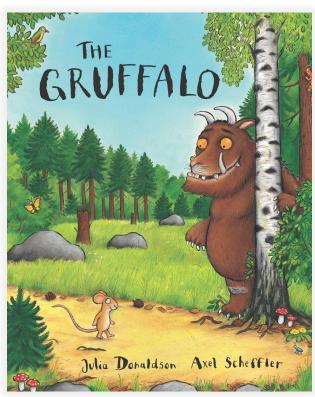


Books going home











Listening to your child read their phonics book

- Your child should be able to read their book without your help.
- If they can't read a word, read it to them.
- Talk about the book and celebrate their success.







The shared book is for YOU to read:

- Make the story sound as exciting as you can by changing your voice.
- Talk with your child as much as you can:
 - Introduce new and exciting language.
 - Encourage your child to use new vocabulary.
 - Make up sentences together.
 - Find different words to use.
 - Describe things you see.







Videos



Phase 2 sounds taught in Reception Autumn 1



Phase 2 sounds taught in Reception Autumn 2



Phase 3 sounds taught in Reception Spring 1



How to say Phase 5 sounds





One of the greatest gifts adults can give is to read to children

Carl Sagan

